SAFETY DATA SHEET

BAA2010

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: DUPLI-COLOR® BED ARMOR™ (Aerosol)
Product code	: BAA2010
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: Dupli-Color Products Company 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (216) 566-2917
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 247-3270
Transportation Emergency	: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

Telephone Number

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
Classification of the substance or mixture	 (29 CFR 1910.1200). FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 18.2%
	(oral), 18.2% (dermal), 4.2% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)
Precautionary statements	

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 11/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/2/2024	Version	: 32	1
BAA2010	DUPLI-COLOR® BED	ARMOR™ (Aero	osol)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 2. Hazards identification

General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	 Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Dimethyl Ether	≥10 - ≤25	115-10-6
Talc	≤10	14807-96-6
2-Propanol	≤5	67-63-0
Propylene Glycol	≤5	57-55-6
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≤3	64742-47-8
Carbon Black	≤3	1333-86-4
Dipropylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether	≤3	111109-77-4
Tetramethyl Decynediol	<3	126-86-3
Acrylonitirile/Butadiene Polymer	≤1	9003-18-3
2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol	≤0.3	111-77-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures				
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.			
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.			
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.			
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.			

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympto	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 11/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/2/2024	Version	: 32	3/16
BAA2010	DUPLI-COLOR® BED	ARMOR™ (Aero	osol)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable aerosol.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 11/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/2/2024	Version	: 32	4/16
BAA2010	DUPLI-COLOR® BED	ARMOR™ (Aer	osol)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materia	Is for containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limi	ts	
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	OARS WEEL TWA: 1000	(United States, 4/2022 opm 8 hours.). 🔼
Talc	14807-96-6	NIOSH REL (TWA: 2 mg/r fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 10/2020 m³ 10 hours. Form: Res United States, 1/2024). m³ 8 hours. Form: Resp	, pirable
2-Propanol	67-63-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024).	
hate of issue/Date of revision : 11/1	2024 Date of previous issue	: 10/2/2024	Version : 32	5/16
AA2010 DUPLI-COLOR® BED ARMC	R™ (Aerosol)		SHW-85-NA-GHS-U	JS

		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022).
		TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024).
		[Kerosene] Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
		vapor) 8 hours.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024).
		TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
		fraction
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	444400 77 4	TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Dipropylene Glycol Dimethyl Ether	111109-77-4	None.
Tetramethyl Decynediol	126-86-3	None.
Acrylonitirile/Butadiene Polymer	9003-18-3	None. None.
2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol	111-77-3	None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
alc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable aerosol fraction CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction
sopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 984 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 492 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).
te of issue/Date of revision : 11/18/2024	Date of previous issue	:10/2/2024 Version :32 6/

		Sociell
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Kerosene/Jet fuels] Absorbed through skin. OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [kerosene] Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Carbon black	1333-86-4	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable aerosol fraction CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 7 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limi	ts	
2-Propanol	67-63-0 67-63-0 NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4 TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/202		m 8 hours. m 15 minutes.	5).
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	[Kerosene] Åk	psorbed through skin. //m³, (as total hydrocarbo	n
Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/18/20	24 Date of previous issue	: 10/2/2024	Version : 32	7/16

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 11/18/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 10/2/2024
 Version
 : 32

 BAA2010
 DUPLI-COLOR® BED ARMOR™ (Aerosol)
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
2-Propanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 40 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	:	Liquid.		
Color	:	Black.		
Odor	:	Not available.		
Odor threshold	:	Not available.		
рН	:	7		
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.		
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]		
Evaporation rate	:	1.44 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability	:	Flammable aerosol.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	: Lower: 0.6% Upper: 27%		
Vapor pressure	:	101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)		
Relative vapor density	:	1 [Air = 1]		
Relative density	:	0.98		
Solubility(ies)	1			
Media		Result		
cold water		Partially soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.		
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)		
Molecular weight	1	: Not applicable.		
Aerosol product				
Type of aerosol	:	Spray		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

	j
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Dimethyl Ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	164000 ppm	4 hours
2	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	309 g/m ³	4 hours
2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Propylene Glycol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
Carbon Black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Talc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
2-Propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Propylene Glycol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	168 hours	-
				500 mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	96 hours 30	-
				%	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	96 hours 30	-
				% C	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hours 104	-
				mg l	
Tetramethyl Decynediol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 gm	-
2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Talc 2-Propanol Carbon Black	- -	3 3 2B	

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc	Category 1	inhalation	lungs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	1
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Not available.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristicsEye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Oral Dermal	28445.8 mg/kg 197047.53 mg/kg	
Demai	197047.35 mg/kg	

: 10/2/2024

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
2-Propanol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours	
		Neonate		
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours	
Propylene Glycol	Acute EC50 >110 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 1020000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours	
		dubia		
	Acute LC50 710000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days	
2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol		Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 7500 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours	

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2-Propanol Propylene Glycol	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/18/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/2/2024				4 Vers	sion : 32 13/1
BAA2010 DUPLI-COLOR® BED ARMOR™ (Aerosol)				SH	N-85-NA-GHS-US

Transport	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
hazard class(es)	PRAMA CON				
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	Emergency schedules F-D, S U
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship unde the Limited Quantity shipping exception.
pecial precautions	conside mode o suitably to shipn of the p dangero	odal shipping descrip odal shipping descrip of container sizes. Th f transport (sea, air, of for that mode of tran nent, and compliance erson offering the pro- ous goods must be tr all actions in case of	e presence of a ship etc.), does not indica isport. All packaging with the applicable oduct for transport. I ained on all of the ri	pping description for ate that the product i must be reviewed for regulations is the so People loading and us sks deriving from the	a particular s packaged or suitability prior ble responsibility unloading
ransport in bulk ac IMO instruments	cording : Not avail	able.			
	Ducus	hipping name	: Not available.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: 2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one; reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Date of issue/Date of revision: 11/18/2024Date of previous issue: 10/2/2024BAA2010DUPLI-COLOR® BED ARMOR™ (Aerosol)

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.	
International lists	 Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data	
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method	
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method	
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method	
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method	

HISTORY	
Date of printing	: 11/18/2024
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/18/2024
Date of previous issue	: 10/2/2024
Version	: 32
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

Date of issue/Dat	e of revision	: 11/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 10/2/2024	Version	: 32	15/16
BAA2010 DUPLI-COLOR® BED ARMOR™ (Aerosol)				SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	5	

Section 16. Other information

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.