SAFETY DATA SHEET

Lucas Marine Grease NLGI # 2



Section 1. Identification	
GHS product identifier	: Lucas Marine Grease NLGI # 2
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product number	: 10320, 10660
Identified uses	
Not available.	
Supplier's details	: Lucas Oil Products, Inc 302 North Sheridan Street Corona, California 92880-2067 Toll Free: (800) 342-2512 Tel: (951) 270-0154 Fax: (951) 270-1902 Website: www.LucasOil.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: (951) 493-1149 (951) 847-5949 Markn@lucasoil.com
	7:00A.M. to 5:00P.M. Monday thru Friday

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	\wedge
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.
Precautionary statements	
General	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.



Section 2. Hazards identification

Response	: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 10320, 10660
Ingredient name	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	5 - 10	15890-25-2
Butene, homopolymer	1 - 5	9003-29-6
Lithium hydroxide, monohydrate	1 - 5	1310-66-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fire	st aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.





Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate mee	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: No specific fire or explosion hazard.



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides Sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: No special measures are required.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from
including any	direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials
incompatibilities	(see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until
	ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept
	upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate
	containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate		ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Sb) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Sb) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 4/2013). TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Sb) 10 hours.		
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general v contaminants.	ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne		
Environmental exposure controls		n ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure the the requirements of environmental protection legislation.		
Individual protection meas	ures_			
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking Appropriate teo Wash contamir	orearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before g and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. nated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety ose to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	assessment inc gases or dusts.	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	worn at all time necessary. Co during use that noted that the t glove manufact	tant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be so when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is insidering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different turers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
Body protection		ctive equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before roduct.		
Other skin protection	based on the ta	otwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected ask being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a re handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly standard if a ris based on know	fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved sk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be <i>n</i> or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe of the selected respirator.		
		8-GHS-7769 (447-7769) / +1-450-GHS-7767 (447-7767) 5/		



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid. [Grease.]
Color	: Blue.
Odor	: Petroleum.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: >200°C (>392°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.92
Solubility	: Negligible.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: High temperatures, sparks, or open flames.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		16000 mg/kg 16400 mg/kg	-





Section 11. Toxicological information

Irritation/Corrosion

There is no data available.

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

Name

Butene, homopolymer

Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
		cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	-	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>ts</u>	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	÷	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>s</u>
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1





Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	16835 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

There is no data available.

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Butene, homopolymer	7.6 to 7.8	314 to 1882	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.





Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name			-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

AERG : Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according	1	Not available.
to Annex II of MARPOL		
73/78 and the IBC Code		

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	:	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
		United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	:	Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	:	Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	:	Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	:	Not listed
SARA 302/304		
Composition/information	on	ingredients
No products were found.		
SARA 304 RQ	:	Not applicable.



Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 311/312

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Butene, homopolymer	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Lithium hydroxide, monohydrate	1 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	5 - 10
Supplier notification	Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate	15890-25-2	5 - 10

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

: None of the components are listed.
: None of the components are listed.
 The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic; Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate; Lithium hydroxide, monohydrate
: The following components are listed: Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate

No products were found.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health : 2 * Flammability : 1 Physical hazards :

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

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The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability:

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 03/15/2014



Section 16. Other information

Version	: 1
Revised Section(s)	: Not applicable.
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

